WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1976

ENROLLED



HOUSE BILL No. 1005

(By Mr. Sommerville)

PASSED February 20, 1976

In Effect ninety days from Passage C 641

(See messages on back)

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 1005

(By Mr. Sommerville)

(Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary.)

[Passed February 20, 1976; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article five, and sections two, four and five, article eight, all of chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the profession of optometry; adding, within the definition of "prescription," optometrist to the licensed professionals who order drugs or medicines or combinations or mixtures thereof in certain cases; providing for the redefinition of the practice of optometry; exempting the practice of osteopathy from the provisions of law regulating the practice of optometry; accreditation of schools and colleges of optemetry and the qualifications, education, examination and certification of applicants to practice optometry.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article five, and sections two, four and five, article eight, all of chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. 1005] 2

ARTICLE 5. PHARMACISTS, ASSISTANT PHARMACISTS AND DRUG-STORES.

§30-5-1. Definitions.

1 The following words and phrases as used in this article, 2 shall have the following meanings, unless the context other-3 wise requires:

4 (1) The term "drug" means (a) articles in the official United 5 States Pharmacopoeia, or official National Formulary, or any 6 other supplement to either of them, which are intended for use 7 in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of 8 disease in man or other animals, and (b) all other articles in-9 tended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 10 prevention of disease in man or other animals, and (c) articles, 11 other than food, intended to affect the structure or any func-12 tion of the body of man or other animals and (d) articles in-13 tended for use as a component of any articles specified in 14 clause (a), (b), or (c).

(2) The term "poisonous drug" means any drug likely tobe destructive to adult human life in quantities of five grainsor less.

(3) The term "deleterious drug" means any drug likely tobe destructive to adult human life in quantites of sixty grainsor less.

(4) The term "habit-forming drug" means any drug which
has been or may be designated as habit forming under the
regulations promulgated in accordance with Section 502 (d)
of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act of June twentyfifth, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight.

26 (5) The term "pharmacy" or "drugstore" or "apothecary" shall be held to mean and include every store or shop or 27 other place (a) where drugs are dispensed, or sold at retail, 28 29 or displayed for sale at retail, or (b) where physicians' 30 prescriptions are compounded; or (c) which has upon it or displayed within it, or affixed to or used in connection with 31 it, a sign bearing the word or words "pharmacy," "pharma-32 cists," "apothecary," "drugstore," "drugs," "druggists," "medi-33 cine," "medicine store," "drug sundries," "remedies," or any 34

3 [Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. 1005

word or words of similar or like import; or (d) any store
or shop or other place, with respect to which any of the
above words are used in any advertisement.

38 (6) The term "prescription" shall be held to mean an 39 order for drugs or medicines or combinations or mixtures 40 thereof, written or signed by a duly licensed physician, 41 dentist, optometrist, as authorized by section two, article 42 eight of this chapter, veterinarian or other medical practi-43 tioner licensed to write prescriptions intended for the treat-44 ment or prevention of disease of man or animals. The 45 term "prescription" shall also include orders for drugs or 46 medicines or combinations or mixtures thereof transmitted 47 to the pharmacist by word of mouth, telephone or other means 48 of communication by a duly licensed physician, dentist, 49 optometrist, veterinarian or other medical practitioner licensed 50 to write prescriptions intended for treatment or prevention of 51 disease of man or animals, and such prescriptions received 52 by word of mouth, telephone or other means of communication 53 shall be recorded in writing by the pharmacist and the record 54 so made by the pharmacist shall constitute the original prescrip-55 tion to be filed by the pharmacist. All such prescriptions shall 56 be preserved on file for a period of five years, subject to in-57 spection by the proper officer of the law. The above shall apply 58 except for narcotic prescriptions, when all narcotic laws and 59 regulations must be complied with.

60 (7) The term "cosmetic," which shall be held to include 61 "dentifrice" and "toilet article," means (a) articles intended to be rubbed, poured, sprinkled, or sprayed on, introduced 62 63 into, or otherwise applied to the human body, or any part 64 thereof for cleansing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness, or 65 altering the appearance, and (b) articles intended for use as a component of any such articles, except that such term 66 67 shall not include soap.

ARTICLE 8. OPTOMETRISTS.

§30-8-2. Practice of optometry defined.

1 Any one or any combination of the following practices 2 shall constitute the practice of optometry:

3 (a) The examination of the human eye, with or without

Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. 1005] 4

4 the use of drugs prescribable for the human eye, which drugs may be used for diagnostic/or therapeutic purposes for topical 5 6 application to the anterior segment of the human eye only, and, by any method other than surgery, to diagnose, to treat or to 7 refer for consultation or treatment) any abnormal condition of 8 9 the human eye or its appendages; 10 (b) The employment without the use of surgery of any in-11 strument, device, method or diagnostic or therapeutic drug 12 for topical application to the anterior segment of the human 13 eye intended for the purpose of investigating, examining, treat-14 ing) diagnosing, improving or correcting any visual defect or

15 abnormal condition of the human eye or its appendages;

16 (c) The prescribing and application or the replacement or 17 duplication of lenses, prisms, contact lenses, orthoptics, vision training, vision rehabilitation, diagnostic or therapeutic drugs 18 19 for topical application to the anterior segment of the human 20 eye, or the furnishing or providing of any prosthetic device, 21 or any other method other than surgery necessary to correct 22 or relieve any defects or abnormal conditions of the human 23 eye or its appendages.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit an optometrist to perform surgery, use drugs by injection or to use or prescribe any drug for other than the specific purposes authorized by this section.

§30-8-4. Registration prerequisite to practice of optometry; exceptions.

1 No person shall practice or offer to practice optometry in 2 this state without first applying for and obtaining a certificate of 3 registration for such purpose from the West Virginia board of 4 optometry; but the following persons, firms and corporations 5 are exempt from the operation of this article, except as 6 hereinafter provided:

7 (a) Persons who have heretofore been registered as op-8 tometrists in this state, or who were engaged in the practice 9 of optometry in this state before the passage of any law by 10 this state regulating such practice, and who have heretofore 11 received from the board of examiners certificates of exemption 12 from examination;

5 [Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. 1005

(b) Persons authorized under the laws of this state to prac-tice medicine and surgery or osteopathy;

(c) Persons, firms and corporations who sell eyeglasses
or spectacles in a store, shop or other permanently established
place of business on prescriptions from persons authorized
under the laws of this state to practice either optometry or
medicine and surgery;

20 (d) Persons, firms and corporations who manufacture or
21 deal in eyeglasses or spectacles in a store, shop or other
22 permanently established place of business, and who neither
23 practice nor attempt to practice optometry.

§30-8-5. Qualifications of applicant for registration; examination.

1 An applicant for registration shall present satisfactory evidence that he is at least eighteen years of age, of good 2 3 moral character and temperate habits, and has graduated from 4 a high school or secondary school, or has completed an equiva-5 lent course of study approved by the West Virginia board of 6 optometry, has satisfactorily completed all preoptometry or 7 premedical college requirements and has graduated from a 8 school or college of optometry approved by said board. No 9 school or college of optometry shall be approved by the West Virginia board of optometry unless at first it has been 10 accredited by a regional or professional accreditation organiza-11 tion which is recognized by the national commission on ac-12 creditation or the United States commission of education. Each 13 14 applicant shall submit to and be examined in all phases of 15 optometry as is provided by the school or college of optometry 16 and shall include, but not be limited to, anatomy and phy-17 siology of the human eye, the use of instruments such as the 18 ophthalmoscope, retinoscope, tonometer, slit lamp biomicro-19 scope, the general laws of optics and refraction, general and ocular pharmocology, general and ocular pathology and other 20 21 such subjects or instrumentation as the board of optometry may deem necessary. 22

The West Virginia board of optometry shall be responsible to determine the educational training received by the applicant from the schools and colleges of optometry, the educational qualifications of each applicant and the administering of the

Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. 1005] 6

27 examination and certifications of each applicant commensurate 28 with his education. No optometrist shall be registered or 29 certified to practice optometry in the state of West Virginia 30 in any area that is beyond the scope of his educational train-31 ing as determined by the West Virginia board of optometry: 32 *Provided*, That any optometrist presently registered in the state 33 of West Virginia and who desires to employ the use of pharma-34 ceutical agents must submit to the West Virginia board of 35 optometry evidence of satisfactory completion of all necessary educational requirements as made mandatory by the West Vir-36 37 ginia board of optometry: Provided further, That the West 38 Virginia board of optometry shall provide for continuing edu-39 cational requirements to be completed from time to time by all 40 optometrists desiring to employ the use of pharmaceutical 41 agents.

[Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. 1005 7

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

ames Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the House.

Takes effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

1 alb

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

this the X The within 4

day of

....., 1976. aux Governor

C-641

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR Date 2/23/16 Time 2:52 p.M.

March 2, 1976

Upon reconsideration as provided by the Constitution of the State, the House of Delegates has again passed Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B.1005, notwithstanding the objections of His Excellency, the Governor.

Ordered, That Mr. Sommerville communicate to the Senate the action of the House of Delegates and request concurrence therein.

C. A. Blankenship, Clerk of the House of Delegates

March 4, 1976

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Ward, announced the Senate has again passed Enr.Com.Sub. H. B. 1005, notwithstanding the objections of His Excellency, the Governor.

C. Dillon, Clerk

of the Senate